

PHP file_get_contents() Function

Topics : PHP Functions Written on May 17, 2021

PHP file_get_contents() Function is used to read the contents of a file into a string. A file get contents() function is PHP built-in function.

PHP Version: PHP 4.3+, PHP 5, PHP 7, PHP 8

Syntax for file_get_contents:

file get contents(string \$path, bool \$include path, resource \$context, int \$start,int \$max length);

Parameter,

\$path : Required. It is the path to the file to read.

\$include_path: Optional.Set this parameter to '1' if you want to search for the file in the include path.

\$context: Optional.A valid context resource created with stream_context_create(). If you don't need to use a custom context, you can skip this parameter by null.

\$start : Optional.It is initial point in the file to start reading. Negative values count from the end of the file

*max_length : Optional.It is maximum length of data to read.The default is to read until end of file (EOF) is reached.

Return values for file_get_contents:

PHP file_get_contents() Function returns the contents of a file into a string. Also It returns false on failure.

Let's see below example to understand php file get contents() Function in details.

Example:

```
<?php
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt");
echo "<br/>b>Read file by providing start point and maximum length to read data.</b><br/>
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt",0,NULL,32, 20);
?>
```

