

MongoDB - Find

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In MongoDB, the find method is used to query documents in a collection. It returns a cursor to the documents that match the specified criteria. Here's how you can use the find method:

Basic find Syntax:

```
db.collection_name.find({ criteria } );
```

- `collection_name`: The name of the collection you want to query.
- `criteria`: The criteria or conditions to filter the documents.

Example:

Let's say you have a collection named `users`, and you want to find all documents where the age is greater than 25:

```
db.users.find({ age: { $gt: 25 } } );
```

This query will return a cursor to all documents in the `users` collection where the `age` field is greater than 25.

Projection:

You can also specify which fields to include or exclude in the result using projection. For example, if you only want to retrieve the name and email fields:

```
db.users.find({ age: { $gt: 25 } }, { name: 1, email: 1, _id: 0 } );
```

In this example, `1` indicates that the field should be included, and `_id: 0` indicates that the `_id` field should be excluded.

Sorting:

You can sort the results based on a field. For example, to sort by the name field in ascending order:

```
db.users.find({ age: { $gt: 25 } }).sort({ name: 1 } );
```

Here, `1` indicates ascending order, and `-1` would indicate descending order.

Limiting:

You can limit the number of documents returned using the limit method. For example, to limit the result to 10 documents:

```
db.users.find({ age: { $gt: 25 } }).limit(10);
```

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